
BLM Facts

Oregon and Washington
2001



U.S. Department of the Interior
Bureau of Land Management

BLM/OR/WA/GI-02/040-1792

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- LEGEND**
- ◆ State Office
 - ▼ District Office
 - Resource Area Office
 - District Boundary
 - Resource Area Boundary

**BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT
OREGON / WASHINGTON
ADMINISTRATIVE ORGANIZATION**



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Introduction



BLM manages about 16 million acres of lands in Oregon and Washington (some 15.7 million acres and 364,000 acres respectively). It has subsurface mineral responsibilities for an additional 23.4 million acres in Oregon and about 16.5 million acres in Washington.

Natural resources managed by BLM on forestland and rangeland include vegetation, minerals, soil, water and air, wildlife habitat and wild horses. Uses administered include timber harvest, livestock foraging, recreational activities, mineral extraction, and realty actions.

BLM policies provide for the development and use of the public lands and their resources under principles of multiple use and sustained yield, while maintaining and enhancing the quality of the environment. In recent years, BLM has given increased emphasis to non-commodity aspects of its land stewardship. Such considerations as archaeology, botany, anadromous fish habitat, wilderness, and other noncommercial values are receiving increased funding and attention.

To support these resource management programs, BLM in Oregon and Washington operates a variety of programs such as lands and mineral records management, cadastral survey, fire management, law enforcement, and construction and maintenance.

Introduction

Employees of BLM (authorized permanent positions)

BLM employees come from all parts of the country, and represent the diversity of our nation and its occupations and training - in essence, a cross section of the general workforce. The workforce reflects that of a medium-to-large business, although many of our employees are trained in a myriad of resource sciences.

Recognizing that minorities and women will comprise a larger portion of the future workforce, BLM in Oregon/Washington uses a variety of recruitment programs including student employment to match its workforce with the expected future population of America. Our workforce planning effort for the next five years shows that 37% of our workforce is eligible to retire by the year 2006. Therefore, we hope to use the skills we already have in our temporary and term workforce to compensate for the projected losses in our skilled permanent workforce. In addition, President Bush has indicated that he wants federal agencies to increase the number of positions and functions that could be offered to the private sector via competitive outsourcing. To comply with the Federal Activities Inventory Reform (FAIR) Act, all positions are being reviewed to see if their predominant function is inherently governmental or if they are commercial in nature.

During 2001 in Oregon and Washington, BLM implemented the National Fire Plan to increase fire preparedness and hazardous fuels reduction. This resulted in 136 new permanent fire and fire support positions. During the year, we recruited and filled 86% of those positions, with contingency plans in place for the remainder.

Districts	2001
Lakeview	114
Burns	100
Vale	172
Prineville	97
Salem	194
Eugene	167
Roseburg	167
Medford	257
Coos Bay	173
Spokane	45
State Office	253
Total	1,739

Introduction



Lands Managed by BLM

Lands under the exclusive jurisdiction of each district of the Bureau of Land Management in Oregon and Washington include public domain, revested Oregon & California Railroad grant lands, reconveyed Coos Bay Wagon Road grant lands, Land Utilization Project Lands, and certain other categories. Acreages are as of September 30, 2001, and are approximate. Lands managed by BLM are 25 percent of the total acreage of Oregon and less than one percent of Washington.

District	Acres
Lakeview	3,382,087
Burns	3,435,017
Vale	4,960,191
Prineville	1,582,891
Salem	403,381
Eugene	318,769
Roseburg	430,863
Medford	861,779
Coos Bay	333,307
Oregon Total	15,708,285
Spokane	399,914
Total	16,108,199

Introduction

Lands Managed by the Bureau of Land Management in Each County in Oregon and Washington *(as of September 30, 2001)*

Oregon		Washington	
County	Acres	County	Acres
Baker	369,120	Adams	8,552
Benton	57,644	Asotin	12,950
Clackamas	74,257	Benton	15,534
Clatsop	42	Chelan	21,117
Columbia	10,961	Clallam	83
Coos	168,482	Clark	5
Crook	512,233	Columbia	519
Curry	67,988	Cowlitz	52
Deschutes	505,319	Douglas	45,168
Douglas	661,054	Ferry	9,362
Gilliam	23,713	Franklin	19,578
Grant	165,566	Garfield	363
Harney	4,085,001	Grant	50,126
Hood River	180	Grays Harbor	13
Jackson	431,350	Island	2
Jefferson	27,348	Jefferson	59
Josephine	311,844	King	219
Klamath	290,855	Kitsap	—
Lake	2,583,830	Kittitas	20,634
Lane	292,197	Klickitat	17,047
Lincoln	19,997	Lewis	279
Linn	87,866	Lincoln	53,777
Malheur	4,543,085	Mason	3
Marion	20,944	Okanogan	58,283
Morrow	1,622	Pacific	374
Multnomah	4,289	Pend Oreille	1,515
Polk	40,609	Pierce	12
Sherman	45,954	San Juan	734
Tillamook	49,542	Skagit	227
Umatilla	8,658	Skamania	63
Union	6,452	Snohomish	130
Wallowa	16,213	Spokane	1,528
Wasco	46,231	Stevens	27,052
Washington	11,697	Thurston	1
Wheeler	132,418	Wahkiakum	1
Yamhill	33,132	Walla Walla	630
		Whatcom	145
		Whitman	8,073
		Yakima	25,740
Total	15,707,693	Total	399,950

Financial

BLM administers numerous revenue-sharing programs to compensate states and counties for the tax-exempt status of federal lands within their boundaries. The Congress has enacted several programs that add to a complex system for fully and fairly compensating states and counties for the federal presence. Receipts derived from the use, extraction, or sale of natural resources from federal lands are shared in accordance with formulas outlined in various laws. BLM also compensates counties by providing payments in lieu of taxes that would have been received by these jurisdictions if federal lands were privately owned. Compensation is derived from a combination of receipts and dollars appropriated by Congress. During fiscal year 2001, BLM in Oregon and Washington reported receipts of \$42,320,997.

A total of \$123,337,202 was distributed in Oregon and Washington for fiscal year 2001 from sales of timber, grazing fees, mineral fees, rental and sales of land, Payment in Lieu of Taxes, Secure Rural Schools, and other sources. Payments under the new Secure Rural Schools and Community Self-Determination Act account for \$109,680,268 (actually paid in November 2001). This legislation provides a formula for sharing Oregon and California Grant Land and Coos Bay Wagon Road Grant Land timber receipts with the eighteen Western Oregon counties containing those lands during fiscal years 2001 through 2006. The full payment formula is based on the average of the highest three county payments from fiscal years 1986 through 1999. Payments are to be adjusted each year at the rate of one-half of the Consumer Price Index for the preceding year.



Financial

FY 2001 Collections by Land Status, Classed by Commodity

Oregon

Commodity	O&C Lands ¹		CBWR ²	Other Lands ³	Unrelated to Status
	BLM	FS			
Mineral Leases ⁴	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$5,601	—
Mineral (Material) Sales	55,241	—	—	39,684	—
Mining Claims & Holding Fees	—	—	—	—	\$ 673,985
Land Sales	—	—	—	483,299	—
Rent of Land	22,104	—	—	35,723	—
Sale of Timber	12,949,922	2,365,323	256,850	307,395	—
Grazing Fees ⁵	13,611	—	—	1,105,083	—
Recreation Fees	—	—	—	1,426,331	—
Communication Site Fees	129,944	—	1,813	164,276	—
Other Resources	179,813	—	(2,400)	35,881	—
Other Fees	710,674	—	81,717	69,036	4,145
Penalties & Forfeitures	—	—	—	—	6,677
Other Sources	—	—	—	5,726	385
Total	\$14,061,308	\$2,365,323	\$337,979	\$3,678,035	\$685,192

Grand Total, Oregon, All Revenue Sources:

\$21,127,837

Washington

Commodity	BLM ³	Unrelated to Status
Mineral Leases ⁴	\$ —	—
Mineral (Material) Sales	—	—
Mining Claims & Holding Fees	—	—
Land Sales	—	—
Rent of Land	5,548	—
Sale of Timber	8,833	—
Grazing Fees ⁵	39,936	—
Recreation Fees	901	—
Communication Site Rent	—	—
Other Resources	1,506	—
Other Fees	8,302	180
Penalties & Forfeitures	—	—
Other Sources	117	—
Total	\$65,143	\$180

Grand Total, Washington, All Revenue Sources:

\$ 65,323

Total BLM, Oregon and Washington, All Sources:

\$21,193,160

¹ From 2,074,602 acres of revested Oregon and California Railroad grant lands managed by the BLM and 492,399 acres managed by the USDA Forest Service.

² From 74,547 acres of reconveyed Coos Bay Wagon Road grant lands managed by the BLM.

³ From public domain and acquired lands managed by the BLM, and mineral leasing of other federal lands.

⁴ From all federal mineral estate lands managed by BLM (public lands, other agency, and split mineral estate lands).

⁵ From grazing permits and leases issued under Sections 3 and 15 of the Taylor Grazing Act.

Financial

FY 2000 Collections by Land Status, Classed by Commodity

Oregon					
Commodity	O&C Lands ¹		CBWR ²	Other Lands ³	Unrelated to Status
	BLM	FS			
Mineral Leases ⁴	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$9,353	—
Mineral (Material) Sales	15,901	—	228	86,271	—
Mining Claims & Holding Fees	—	—	—	—	\$ 441,176
Land Sales	20,000	—	20,000	151,036	—
Rent of Land	29,653	—	—	21,969	—
Sale of Timber	31,868,754	1,106,920	2,220,712	2,155,354	—
Grazing Fees ⁵	11,989	—	—	1,156,800	—
Recreation Fees	—	—	—	1,502,339	—
Communication Site Fees	133,379	—	22,700	163,696	—
Other Resources	212,499	—	15,746	18,528	—
Other Fees	680,006	—	71,697	76,138	6,309
Penalties & Forfeitures	—	—	—	—	614
Other Sources	—	—	—	2,956	2,151
Total	\$32,972,181	\$1,106,920	\$2,351,082	\$5,344,440	\$450,250

Grand Total, Oregon, All Revenue Sources: \$ 42,224,874

Washington		
Commodity	BLM ³	Unrelated to Status
Mineral Leases ⁴	\$ 20	—
Mineral (Material) Sales	—	—
Mining Claims & Holding Fees	—	—
Land Sales	—	—
Rent of Land	3,168	—
Sale of Timber	1,772	—
Grazing Fees ⁵	39,983	—
Recreation Fees	544	—
Communication Site Rent	—	—
Other Resources	5,839	—
Other Fees	11,588	125
Penalties & Forfeitures	—	—
Other Sources	29	—
Total	\$62,943	\$125

Grand Total, Washington, All Revenue Sources: \$63,068

Total BLM, Oregon and Washington, All Sources: \$ 42,287,942

¹ From 2,074,602 acres of revested Oregon and California Railroad grant lands managed by the BLM and 492,399 acres managed by the USDA Forest Service.

² From 74,547 acres of reconveyed Coos Bay Wagon Road grant lands managed by the BLM.

³ From public domain and acquired lands managed by the BLM, and mineral leasing of other federal lands.

⁴ From all federal mineral estate lands managed by BLM (public lands, other agency, and split mineral estate lands).

⁵ From grazing permits and leases issued under Sections 3 and 15 of the Taylor Grazing Act.

Financial

FY 1999 Collections by Land Status, Classed by Commodity

Oregon					
Commodity	O&C Lands ¹			Other Lands ³	Unrelated to Status
	BLM	FS	CBWR ²		
Mineral Leases ⁴	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$8,407	—
Mineral (Material) Sales	39,386	—	2,863	9,344	—
Mining Claims & Holding Fees	—	—	—	—	\$ 617,470
Land Sales	1,000	—	—	130,270	—
Rent of Land	26,450	—	—	35,538	—
Sale of Timber	55,172,434	790,735	4,551,073	3,761,656	—
Grazing Fees ⁵	14,254	—	—	1,160,981	—
Recreation Fees	—	—	—	1,479,200	—
Communication Site Fees	143,166	—	3,324	162,481	—
Other Resources	158,367	—	1,460	29,671	—
Other Fees	703,924	—	81,131	87,123	45,808
Penalties & Forfeitures	—	—	—	—	2,385
Other Sources	55	—	—	39,199	3,772
Total	\$56,259,036	\$790,735	\$4,639,851	\$6,903,870	\$669,435

Grand Total, Oregon, All Revenue Sources: \$ 69,262,926

Washington		
Commodity	BLM ³	Unrelated to Status
Mineral Leases ⁴	\$ 20	—
Mineral (Material) Sales	—	—
Mining Claims & Holding Fees	—	—
Land Sales	68,904	—
Rent of Land	6,198	—
Sale of Timber	—	—
Grazing Fees ⁵	41,707	—
Recreation Fees	128	—
Communication Site Rent	—	—
Other Resources	1,077	—
Other Fees	12,234	525
Penalties & Forfeitures	—	—
Other Sources	29,435	—
Total	\$159,703	\$525

Grand Total, Washington, All Revenue Sources: \$ 160,228

Total BLM, Oregon and Washington, All Sources: \$ 69,423,154

¹ From 2,074,602 acres of revested Oregon and California Railroad grant lands managed by the BLM and 492,399 acres managed by the USDA Forest Service.

² From 74,547 acres of reconveyed Coos Bay Wagon Road grant lands managed by the BLM.

³ From public domain and acquired lands managed by the BLM, and mineral leasing of other federal lands.

⁴ From all federal mineral estate lands managed by BLM (public lands, other agency, and split mineral estate lands).

⁵ From grazing permits and leases issued under Sections 3 and 15 of the Taylor Grazing Act.

Financial

FY 1998 Collections by Land Status, Classed by Commodity

Oregon					
Commodity	O&C Lands ¹			Other Lands ³	Unrelated to Status
	BLM	FS	CBWR ²		
Mineral Leases ⁴	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$8,091	—
Mineral (Material) Sales	30,928	—	458	15,640	—
Mining Claims & Holding Fees	—	—	—	—	\$ 684,035
Land Sales	131,247	—	—	797,650	—
Rent of Land	45,594	—	—	34,031	—
Sale of Timber	43,765,345	3,476,567	2,725,485	2,592,377	—
Grazing Fees ⁵	15,130	—	3	1,189,511	—
Recreation Fees	—	—	—	1,525,380	—
Communication Site Fees	67,420	—	3,285	143,590	—
Other Resources	109,742	—	923	26,317	—
Other Fees	594,249	—	71,608	63,489	11,085
Penalties & Forfeitures	—	—	—	—	13,998
Other Sources	15,869	—	—	66,725	38,356
Total	\$44,775,524	\$3,476,567	\$2,801,762	\$6,462,801	\$747,474

Grand Total, Oregon, All Revenue Sources: \$ 58,264,128

Washington		
Commodity	BLM ³	Unrelated to Status
Mineral Leases ⁴	\$ 20	—
Mineral (Material) Sales	900	—
Mining Claims & Holding Fees	—	—
Land Sales	101,534	—
Rent of Land	16,361	—
Sale of Timber	177,360	—
Grazing Fees ⁵	45,000	—
Recreation Fees	702	—
Communication Site Rent	—	—
Other Resources	51	—
Other Fees	22,565	1,520
Penalties & Forfeitures	—	—
Other Sources	1,645	—
Total	\$366,138	\$1,520

Grand Total, Washington, All Revenue Sources: \$ 367,658

Total BLM, Oregon and Washington, All Sources: \$ 58,631,786

¹ From 2,074,602 acres of revested Oregon and California Railroad grant lands managed by the BLM and 492,399 acres managed by the USDA Forest Service.

² From 74,547 acres of reconveyed Coos Bay Wagon Road grant lands managed by the BLM.

³ From public domain and acquired lands managed by the BLM, and mineral leasing of other federal lands.

⁴ From all federal mineral estate lands managed by BLM (public lands, other agency, and split mineral estate lands).

⁵ From grazing permits and leases issued under Sections 3 and 15 of the Taylor Grazing Act.

Financial

BLM Expenditures for Resource Management

	FY 2000	FY 2001
Energy and Minerals	\$ 3,084,612	\$ 3,370,291
Fishery and Wildlife Habitat Management	19,242,449	22,672,122
Forest Development	24,241,708	25,104,956
Forest Health, Recovery and Restoration	12,583,177	9,221,595
Forest Management	29,830,755	29,848,025
Land Access, Acquisition and Management	6,293,600	17,622,903
Law Enforcement	1,455,395	1,508,414
Maintenance of Capital Investments	19,872,966	22,295,292
Planning and Data Management	3,751,438	4,484,904
Prescribed Fire and Rural Fire Assistance *	4,308,809	21,586,434
Program Support Services	6,886,544	7,502,343
Range Improvement and Management	9,445,655	11,167,350
Recreation Management	11,529,146	12,350,127
Soil and Watershed Conservation	19,252,954	20,676,721
Wildfire Preparedness	7,361,003	12,319,205
Wildfire Suppression and Fire Rehabilitation	22,139,804	23,933,318
Total	\$201,280,017	\$245,663,998

* Rural Fire Assistance for FY2001 only



Financial

BLM Expenditures for Resource Management

	FY 1998	FY 1999
Energy and Minerals	\$ 3,190,411	\$ 2,583,479
Fishery and Wildlife Habitat Management	16,460,293	15,294,105
Forest Development	25,367,521	22,766,672
Forest Health, Recovery and Restoration	13,972,522	12,435,637
Forest Management	22,191,891	25,300,627
Land Access, Acquisition and Management	3,218,542	3,531,011
Law Enforcement	1,701,800	1,442,852
Maintenance of Capital Investments	32,883,564	18,910,509
Planning and Data Management	3,474,405	3,115,427
Prescribed Fire	3,504,949	3,449,187
Program Support Services	6,838,540	6,810,152
Range Improvement and Management	8,500,201	8,210,817
Recreation Management	9,862,916	9,650,322
Soil and Watershed Conservation	18,424,371	18,090,688
Wildfire Preparedness	7,482,520	7,197,396
Wildfire Suppression and Fire Rehabilitation	7,237,721	10,242,612
Total	\$184,312,168	\$169,031,493



Financial

Payments to Counties and State, FY 2001 - Oregon

Counties	O&C Resource Management ¹	Mineral Leasing ²	Sec. 15 Grazing Leases	Payments in Lieu of Taxes	Totals
Baker	\$ —	\$ 537	\$ —	\$ 642,721	\$ 643,258
Benton	3,055,368	—	—	3,109	3,058,477
Clackamas	6,034,623	—	—	79,658	6,114,281
Clatsop	—	—	—	—	—
Columbia	2,239,878	—	—	—	2,239,878
Coos	7,218,320 ³	—	—	10,335	7,228,655
Crook	—	104	275	754,022	754,401
Curry	3,968,716	—	—	90,337	4,060,129
Deschutes	—	1,076	136	247,700	247,836
Douglas	27,382,541 ⁴	—	—	144,920	27,527,461
Gilliam	—	33	1,816	36,675	38,524
Grant	—	—	5,478	269,604	275,082
Harney	—	—	751	494,273	495,024
Hood River	—	—	—	31,305	31,305
Jackson	17,038,296	—	892	70,519	17,109,707
Jefferson	—	—	645	95,455	96,100
Josephine	13,134,819	—	—	53,540	13,188,359
Klamath	2,544,328	377	2,893	330,367	2,877,965
Lake	—	—	—	466,127	466,127
Lane	16,603,368	—	—	209,371	16,812,739
Lincoln	391,435	—	7	28,004	419,446
Linn	2,870,523	—	—	72,799	2,943,322
Malheur	—	139	—	1,176,011	1,176,216
Marion	1,587,486	—	—	31,145	1,618,631
Morrow	—	—	64	124,802	124,866
Multnomah	1,185,178	—	—	11,585	1,196,763
Polk	2,348,610	—	—	—	2,348,610
Sherman	—	105	1,296	58,960	60,361
Tillamook	608,899	—	—	14,217	623,116
Umatilla	—	114	721	349,428	350,263
Union	—	241	160	597,937	598,338
Wallowa	—	—	563	265,783	266,346
Wasco	—	75	2,744	33,793	36,612
Washington	685,011	—	—	2,252	687,263
Wheeler	—	—	2,670	85,342	88,012
Yamhill	782,870	—	—	3,944	786,814

Counties Total \$109,680,268⁵ \$2,801 \$21,111 \$6,886,106 \$ 116,590,286

State of Oregon from sale of public domain timber, materials, lands, and Section 3 grazing permits totaling \$ 167,508

Total payments to counties and state, FY 2001 **\$ 116,757,794**

Distribution of proceeds to Oregon counties and to the State of Oregon derived from resource management on lands managed by the BLM in Oregon. Revenues are from sales of timber, grazing fees, mineral fees, rental and sales of land, Payment in Lieu of Taxes, and from other sources.

¹ Includes O&C lands and Coos Bay Wagon Road (CBWR) lands.

² Does not include minerals proceeds from O&C and CBWR lands, but does include proceeds from rental and bonus payments on federally held leases.

³ Includes \$803,135 of CBWR.

⁴ Includes \$145,188 of CBWR.

⁵ Includes payment to O&C Counties for FY2001 totaling \$108,731,945. Full Payment Amount payments required by PL 106-393 October 30, 2000.

Financial

Payments to Counties and State, FY 2000 - Oregon

Counties	O&C Resource Management ¹	Mineral Leasing ²	Sec. 15 Grazing Leases	Payments in Lieu of Taxes	Totals
Baker	\$ —	\$ 526	\$ —	\$ 377,545	\$ 378,071
Benton	1,740,644	—	—	2,144	1,742,788
Clackamas	3,437,927	—	—	54,924	3,492,851
Clatsop	—	—	—	—	—
Columbia	1,276,059	—	—	—	1,276,059
Coos	4,087,671 ³	—	14	7,127	4,094,812
Crook	—	209	272	468,849	469,330
Curry	2,260,979	—	—	62,305	2,325,297
Deschutes	—	2,013	304	151,324	151,628
Douglas	15,576,725 ⁴	—	—	99,959	15,676,684
Gilliam	—	57	2,014	25,666	27,738
Grant	—	—	10,688	185,980	196,668
Harney	—	—	688	324,916	325,604
Hood River	—	—	—	21,588	21,588
Jackson	9,706,722	—	932	48,631	9,756,285
Jefferson	—	—	516	53,543	54,059
Josephine	7,482,910	—	—	36,922	7,519,832
Klamath	1,449,504	1,200	2,325	226,970	1,679,999
Lake	—	—	41	324,916	324,957
Lane	9,458,944	—	—	144,360	9,603,304
Lincoln	223,001	—	9	19,312	242,322
Linn	1,635,338	—	—	50,203	1,685,541
Malheur	—	136	—	756,497	756,633
Marion	904,391	—	—	21,478	925,869
Morrow	—	—	110	95,999	96,109
Multnomah	675,196	—	—	7,981	683,177
Polk	1,338,004	—	—	—	1,338,004
Sherman	—	186	1,248	41,124	42,558
Tillamook	346,890	—	—	9,804	356,694
Umatilla	—	189	599	265,205	265,993
Union	—	8	160	388,683	388,851
Wallowa	—	—	573	153,028	153,601
Wasco	—	152	2,865	23,304	26,321
Washington	390,251	—	—	1,621	391,872
Wheeler	—	—	3,440	56,722	60,162
Yamhill	446,001	—	—	2,720	448,721

Counties Total \$62,437,157⁵ \$4,677 \$26,797 \$4,511,350 \$ 66,979,981

State of Oregon from sale of public domain timber, materials, lands, and Section 3 grazing permits totaling \$ 234,348

Total payments to counties and state, FY 2000 **\$ 67,214,329**

Distribution of proceeds to Oregon counties and to the State of Oregon derived from resource management on lands managed by the BLM in Oregon. Revenues are from sales of timber, grazing fees, mineral fees, rental and sales of land, Payment in Lieu of Taxes, and from other sources.

¹ Includes O&C lands and Coos Bay Wagon Road (CBWR) lands.

² Does not include minerals proceeds from O&C and CBWR lands, but does include proceeds from rental and bonus payments on federally held leases.

³ Includes \$432,938 of CBWR.

⁴ Includes \$59,597 of CBWR.

⁵ Includes payment to O&C Counties for FY2000 totaling \$61,944,622, which exceeds 50% of FY2000 receipts. Special Payments required by PL 103-66, August 10, 1993, as amended by PL 103-443, November 2, 1994.

Financial

Payments to Counties and State, FY 1999 - Oregon

Counties	O&C Resource Management ¹	Mineral Leasing ²	Sec. 15 Grazing Leases	Payments in Lieu of Taxes	Totals
Baker	\$ —	\$ 186	\$ —	\$ 305,556	\$ 305,742
Benton	1,818,583	—	—	1,776	1,820,359
Clackamas	3,591,864	—	—	47,219	3,639,083
Clatsop	—	—	—	—	—
Columbia	1,333,196	—	—	—	1,333,196
Coos	4,270,701 ³	—	—	4,438	4,275,139
Crook	—	207	273	340,489	340,969
Curry	2,362,217	—	—	52,592	2,416,796
Deschutes	—	1,987	1,161	140,343	141,504
Douglas	16,274,190 ⁴	—	—	83,669	16,357,859
Gilliam	—	57	2,131	21,405	23,593
Grant	—	—	10,849	174,267	185,116
Harney	—	—	—	307,820	307,820
Hood River	—	—	—	19,840	19,840
Jackson	10,141,352	—	967	41,347	10,183,666
Jefferson	—	—	652	40,617	41,269
Josephine	7,817,966	—	—	23,652	7,841,618
Klamath	1,514,407	529	3,091	210,174	1,728,202
Lake	—	—	61	307,820	307,881
Lane	9,882,478	—	—	126,861	10,009,339
Lincoln	232,986	—	9	17,999	250,994
Linn	1,708,562	—	—	47,169	1,755,731
Malheur	—	37	—	710,654	710,691
Marion	944,887	—	—	20,301	965,188
Morrow	—	—	107	36,324	36,431
Multnomah	705,429	—	—	7,269	712,698
Polk	1,397,914	—	—	—	1,397,914
Sherman	—	184	1,465	38,420	40,068
Tillamook	362,422	—	—	8,313	370,735
Umatilla	—	202	681	98,712	99,595
Union	—	665	166	290,262	291,093
Wallowa	—	—	592	139,329	139,921
Wasco	—	150	2,824	21,954	24,929
Washington	407,725	—	—	1,120	408,845
Wheeler	—	—	4,518	30,008	34,526
Yamhill	465,972	—	—	2,548	468,520

Counties Total \$65,232,851⁵ \$4,204 \$29,548 \$3,720,267 \$ 68,986,870

State of Oregon from sale of public domain timber, materials, lands, and Section 3 grazing permits totaling \$ 295,007

Total payments to counties and state, FY 1999 **\$ 69,281,877**

Distribution of proceeds to Oregon counties and to the State of Oregon derived from resource management on lands managed by the BLM in Oregon. Revenues are from sales of timber, grazing fees, mineral fees, rental and sales of land, Payment in Lieu of Taxes, and from other sources.

¹ Includes O&C lands and Coos Bay Wagon Road (CBWR) lands.

² Does not include minerals proceeds from O&C and CBWR lands, but does include proceeds from rental and bonus payments on federally held leases.

³ Includes \$452,324 of CBWR.

⁴ Includes \$62,265 of CBWR.

⁵ Includes payment to O&C Counties for FY1999 totaling \$64,718,262, which exceeds 50% of FY1999 receipts. Special Payments required by PL 103-66, August 10, 1993, as amended by PL 103-443, November 2, 1994.

Financial

Payments to Counties and State, FY 1998 - Oregon

Counties	O&C Resource Management ¹	Mineral Leasing ²	Sec. 15 Grazing Leases	Payments in Lieu of Taxes	Totals
Baker	\$ —	\$ 559	\$ —	\$ 603,483	\$ 604,042
Benton	1,896,522	—	—	5,212	1,901,734
Clackamas	3,745,801	—	—	123,272	3,869,073
Clatsop	—	—	—	135	135
Columbia	1,390,333	—	—	—	1,390,333
Coos	4,453,731 ³	—	—	19,956	4,473,687
Crook	—	206	216	585,150	585,572
Curry	2,463,454	—	—	142,851	2,608,284
Deschutes	—	1,979	238	316,793	317,031
Douglas	16,971,655 ⁴	—	13	230,399	17,202,067
Gilliam	—	57	2,103	42,960	45,120
Grant	—	—	8,998	384,999	393,997
Harney	—	—	—	651,980	651,980
Hood River	—	—	—	45,876	45,876
Jackson	10,575,981	—	942	113,337	10,690,260
Jefferson	—	—	675	66,878	67,553
Josephine	8,153,022	—	—	101,045	8,254,067
Klamath	1,579,310	464	3,518	479,807	2,063,099
Lake	—	—	—	651,980	651,980
Lane	10,306,013	—	—	324,951	10,630,964
Lincoln	242,971	—	10	40,490	283,471
Linn	1,781,786	—	—	105,259	1,887,045
Malheur	—	232	—	1,509,910	1,510,142
Marion	985,382	—	—	45,226	1,030,608
Morrow	—	—	128	116,385	116,513
Multnomah	735,662	—	—	17,140	752,802
Polk	1,457,825	—	—	351	1,458,176
Sherman	—	183	1,521	80,207	81,911
Tillamook	377,955	13	—	22,368	400,336
Umatilla	—	196	680	317,858	318,734
Union	—	8	161	635,838	636,007
Wallowa	—	—	553	373,586	374,139
Wasco	—	149	2,942	49,339	52,430
Washington	425,199	—	—	1,569	426,768
Wheeler	—	—	3,491	66,807	70,298
Yamhill	485,942	—	—	5,674	491,616

Counties Total \$68,028,544⁵ \$4,046 \$26,189 \$8,279,071 \$ 76,337,850

State of Oregon from sale of public domain timber, materials, lands, and Section 3 grazing permits totaling \$ 279,609

Total payments to counties and state, FY 1998 **\$ 76,617,459**

Distribution of proceeds to Oregon counties and to the State of Oregon derived from resource management on lands managed by the BLM in Oregon. Revenues are from sales of timber, grazing fees, mineral fees, rental and sales of land, Payment in Lieu of Taxes, and from other sources.

¹ Includes O&C lands and Coos Bay Wagon Road (CBWR) lands.

² Does not include minerals proceeds from O&C and CBWR lands, but does include proceeds from rental and bonus payments on federally held leases.

³ Includes \$471,709 of CBWR.

⁴ Includes \$64,934 of CBWR.

⁵ Includes payment to O&C Counties for FY98 totaling \$67,491,901, which exceeds 50% of FY98 receipts. Special Payments required by PL 103-66, August 10, 1993, as amended by PL 103-443, November 2, 1994.

Financial

Payments to Counties and State, FY 2001 - Washington

Counties	Mineral Leasing ¹	Sec. 15 Grazing Leases	Payments in Lieu of Taxes	Totals
Adams	\$ —	\$ 1,068	\$12,711	\$13,779
Asotin	—	362	66,305	66,667
Benton	—	119	44,275	44,394
Chelan	—	155	1,036,813	1,036,968
Clallam	—	—	251,018	251,018
Clark	—	—	109	109
Columbia	—	18	153,259	153,277
Cowlitz	—	—	4,971	4,971
Douglas	—	2,748	56,130	58,878
Ferry	—	567	343,156	343,723
Franklin	—	563	34,381	34,944
Garfield	—	3	95,278	95,281
Grant	—	2,186	166,255	168,441
Grays Harbor	—	—	50,903	50,903
Island	—	—	3,099	3,099
Jefferson	—	—	243,630	243,630
King	—	—	52,988	52,988
Kitsap	—	—	—	—
Kittitas	—	414	348,129	348,543
Klickitat	—	950	17,225	18,175
Lewis	—	—	72,617	72,617
Lincoln	—	3,389	74,475	77,864
Mason	—	—	56,687	56,687
Okanogan	—	4,356	998,239	1,002,595
Pacific	—	—	2,747	2,747
Pend Oreille	—	—	350,319	350,319
Pierce	—	—	241,785	241,785
San Juan	—	—	2,712	2,712
Skagit	—	—	382,064	382,064
Skamania	—	—	129,457	129,457
Snohomish	—	—	329,752	329,752
Spokane	—	155	1,673	1,828
Stevens	—	247	214,059	214,306
Thurston	—	—	—	—
Wahkiakum	—	—	—	—
Walla Walla	—	—	25,881	25,881
Whatcom	—	—	592,511	592,511
Whitman	—	1,160	23,008	24,168
Yakima	—	1,507	80,405	81,912
Total	\$ —	\$ 19,968	\$ 6,559,026	\$ 6,578,994

State of Washington from sale of public domain timber, materials, lands, etc. **\$ 414**
Total payments to Counties and State of Washington **\$ 6,579,408**

Distribution of proceeds to Washington counties and to the State of Washington derived from resource management on lands managed by the BLM in Washington. Revenues are from sales of timber, grazing fees, mineral fees, rental and sales of land, Payments in Lieu of Taxes, and from other sources

¹ Proceeds from mineral leasing oil and gas pipeline rights-of-way rent.

Financial

Payments to Counties and State, FY 2000 - Washington

Counties	Mineral Leasing ¹	Sec. 15 Grazing Leases	Payments in Lieu of Taxes	Totals
Adams	\$ —	\$ 893	\$ 9,167	\$ 10,060
Asotin	—	325	48,429	48,754
Benton	—	106	30,932	31,038
Chelan	—	219	698,706	698,925
Clallam	—	—	105,048	105,048
Clark	—	—	—	—
Columbia	—	18	113,505	113,523
Cowlitz	—	—	3,590	3,590
Douglas	—	2,799	34,745	37,544
Ferry	—	550	200,400	200,950
Franklin	—	478	24,005	24,483
Garfield	—	3	70,415	70,418
Grant	—	1,479	115,879	117,358
Grays Harbor	—	—	28,841	28,841
Island	—	—	286	286
Jefferson	—	—	141,395	141,395
King	—	—	36,675	36,675
Kitsap	—	—	—	—
Kittitas	—	408	214,223	214,631
Klickitat	—	946	10,861	11,807
Lewis	—	—	50,078	50,078
Lincoln	—	3,837	51,803	55,640
Mason	—	—	32,540	32,540
Okanogan	—	4,645	647,134	651,779
Pacific	—	—	1,919	1,919
Pend Oreille	—	—	219,255	219,255
Pierce	—	—	161,985	161,985
San Juan	—	—	1,834	1,834
Skagit	—	—	251,156	251,156
Skamania	—	—	89,328	89,328
Snohomish	—	—	211,869	211,869
Spokane	—	173	1,159	1,332
Stevens	—	296	132,368	132,664
Thurston	—	—	—	—
Wahkiakum	—	—	—	—
Walla Walla	10	—	18,177	18,187
Whatcom	—	—	396,164	396,164
Whitman	—	1,264	15,899	17,163
Yakima	—	1,552	55,448	57,000
Total	\$ 10	\$ 19,991	\$ 4,225,218	\$ 4,245,219

State of Washington from sale of public domain timber, materials, lands, etc. **\$ 304**
Total payments to Counties and State of Washington **\$ 4,245,524**

Distribution of proceeds to Washington counties and to the State of Washington derived from resource management on lands managed by the BLM in Washington. Revenues are from sales of timber, grazing fees, mineral fees, rental and sales of land, Payments in Lieu of Taxes, and from other sources

¹ Proceeds from mineral leasing oil and gas pipeline rights-of-way rent.

Financial

Payments to Counties and State, FY 1999 - Washington

Counties	Mineral Leasing ¹	Sec. 15 Grazing Leases	Payments in Lieu of Taxes	Totals
Adams	\$ —	\$ 702	\$ 3,014	\$ 3,716
Asotin	—	290	31,597	31,887
Benton	—	108	27,326	27,434
Chelan	—	288	637,479	637,767
Clallam	—	—	77,336	77,336
Clark	—	—	525	525
Columbia	—	18	65,254	65,272
Cowlitz	—	—	3,338	3,338
Douglas	—	2,953	32,311	35,264
Ferry	—	567	179,868	180,435
Franklin	—	505	23,574	24,079
Garfield	—	4	41,645	41,649
Grant	—	3,067	110,836	113,903
Grays Harbor	—	—	21,792	21,792
Island	—	—	287	287
Jefferson	—	—	104,071	104,071
King	—	—	33,377	33,377
Kitsap	—	—	—	—
Kittitas	—	408	193,814	194,222
Klickitat	—	1,003	8,186	9,189
Lewis	—	—	46,891	46,891
Lincoln	—	4,637	49,534	54,171
Mason	—	—	24,392	24,392
Okanogan	—	4,591	599,374	603,965
Pacific	—	—	2,513	2,513
Pend Oreille	—	—	222,688	222,688
Pierce	—	—	150,660	150,660
San Juan	—	—	1,742	1,742
Skagit	—	—	225,315	225,315
Skamania	—	—	82,315	82,315
Snohomish	—	—	173,419	173,419
Spokane	—	154	1,358	1,512
Stevens	—	247	97,695	97,942
Thurston	—	—	—	—
Wahkiakum	—	—	—	—
Walla Walla	10	—	16,932	16,942
Whatcom	—	—	353,835	353,835
Whitman	—	435	11,394	11,829
Yakima	—	875	51,887	52,762
Total	\$ 10	\$ 20,853	\$ 3,707,574	\$ 3,728,437

State of Washington from sale of public domain timber, materials, lands, etc. **\$ 2,799**
Total payments to Counties and State of Washington **\$ 3,731,237**

Distribution of proceeds to Washington counties and to the State of Washington derived from resource management on lands managed by the BLM in Washington. Revenues are from sales of timber, grazing fees, mineral fees, rental and sales of land, Payments in Lieu of Taxes, and from other sources

¹ Proceeds from mineral leasing oil and gas pipeline rights-of-way rent.

Financial

Payments to Counties and State, FY 1998 - Washington

Counties	Mineral Leasing ¹	Sec. 15 Grazing Leases	Payments in Lieu of Taxes	Totals
Adams	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 6,397	\$ 6,397
Asotin	—	433	77,758	78,191
Benton	—	95	57,839	57,934
Chelan	—	223	1,216,290	1,216,513
Clallam	—	—	115,538	115,538
Clark	—	—	2,215	2,215
Columbia	—	18	170,656	170,674
Cowlitz	—	—	7,541	7,541
Douglas	—	3,011	68,079	71,090
Ferry	—	569	353,646	354,215
Franklin	—	516	49,409	49,925
Garfield	—	3	106,789	106,792
Grant	—	3,625	230,698	234,323
Grays Harbor	—	—	32,165	32,165
Island	—	—	609	609
Jefferson	—	—	155,528	155,528
King	—	—	74,157	74,157
Kitsap	—	—	—	—
Kittitas	—	445	356,345	356,790
Klickitat	—	967	9,534	10,501
Lewis	—	—	104,714	104,714
Lincoln	—	5,041	104,261	109,302
Mason	—	—	36,283	36,283
Okanogan	—	4,851	1,160,796	1,165,647
Pacific	—	—	5,334	5,334
Pend Oreille	—	—	368,947	368,947
Pierce	—	—	267,296	267,296
San Juan	—	—	3,640	3,640
Skagit	—	—	415,203	415,203
Skamania	—	—	187,303	187,303
Snohomish	—	—	266,856	266,856
Spokane	—	173	2,861	3,034
Stevens	—	368	296,547	296,915
Thurston	—	—	137	137
Wahkiakum	—	—	2	2
Walla Walla	10	—	31,808	31,818
Whatcom	—	—	640,474	640,474
Whitman	—	833	24,415	25,248
Yakima	—	1,329	117,209	118,538
Total	\$ 10	\$ 22,500	\$ 7,125,279	\$ 7,147,789

State of Washington from sale of public domain timber, materials, lands, etc. **\$ 11,194**
Total payments to Counties and State of Washington **\$ 7,158,983**

Distribution of proceeds to Washington counties and to the State of Washington derived from resource management on lands managed by the BLM in Washington. Revenues are from sales of timber, grazing fees, mineral fees, rental and sales of land, Payments in Lieu of Taxes, and from other sources

¹ Proceeds from mineral leasing oil and gas pipeline rights-of-way rent.

Jobs-in-the-Woods

The Jobs-in-the-Woods program is designed to accomplish ecosystem restoration and at the same time provide economic assistance to the workers in this region. This program brings all of the components of the Northwest Forest Plan together: ecosystem management, economic development, and interagency coordination. Jobs-in-the-Woods provides the opportunity, through contracts targeted to local contractors and innovative programs for displaced timber workers from the local communities, to work close to their communities, earn family wages and be trained to be members of the woods work force of the future. Work projects included fish habitat restoration, replacing road culverts, sediment reduction projects, and vegetative enhancement.

Jobs-in-the-Woods Preliminary Summary

Salem District	\$1,443,300	40 projects
Eugene District	\$1,850,700	41 projects
Roseburg District	\$1,927,100	26 projects
Coos Bay District	\$1,986,100	76 projects
Medford District	\$2,182,300	49 projects
Lakeview District	\$ 53,800	3 projects

Jobs in the Woods Accomplishment Data

Total JITW Projects Funded:	235
Total JITW Funds Obligated for Projects:	\$9,443,300
Total Number of Workers Employed:	250-275

Forestry



BLM forest lands in Oregon and Washington are administered under two management programs. One is for the O&C lands in western Oregon; the other for public domain lands which are mostly in eastern Oregon and Washington.

The objectives of the O&C program are to manage for a sustained yield of forest products and qualities needed to contribute to the economic stability of local communities, and continuing forest values and health.

On public domain lands, the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976 requires public lands and resources to be managed under the principles of multiple use and sustained yield, without impairment of the productivity of the land and the quality of the environment, and with recognition of the Nation's need for timber from the public lands.

Forest Management

BLM-Managed Forest Land in Oregon and Washington

District	Total Forest Acres	Forest Acres Excluded from PSQ ¹	Forest Acres Included in PSQ	Probable Sale Quantity MM bd. ft. ³
Lakeview	69,000	37,000	32,000	6,000
Vale	29,000	1,000	26,000	2,000
Prineville	118,000	10,000	118,000	9,000
Burns	—	—	—	—
Salem	375,000	313,000	62,000	35,000
Eugene	300,000	231,000	69,000	36,000
Roseburg	392,000	302,000	90,000	45,000
Medford	779,000	588,000	191,000	57,000
Coos Bay	311,000	260,000	51,000	32,000
Oregon Total	2,373,000	1,742,000	639,000	222,000
Spokane	55,000	6,000	52,000	3,000
Total	2,428,000	1,748,000	691,000	225,000

¹ Acres withdrawn from probable sale quantity (PSQ) calculations. For all districts this would include recreation sites, scenic zones, and TPCC withdrawals. For western Oregon districts this also includes Late-Successional Reserves and Riparian Reserves.

² MMBF (million board feet). PSQs in western Oregon were set by Resource management plans implemented in 1995; for other districts PSQs were set during 1980 decadal planning.



Forestry

Timber Sales

Volumes and sale prices of timber offered at auction by BLM including negotiated sales and modifications to existing contracts.

District	FY 2000		FY 2001	
	Volume MM bd. ft.*	Value	Volume MM bd. ft.*	Value
Lakeview	9.5	\$804,669	2.6	\$210,209
Burns	<0.1	—	0.4	10,295
Vale	0.2	1,011	0.7	33,876
Prineville	0.6	94,399	0.3	3,388
Salem	14.3	9,027,954	11.4	3,286,413
Eugene	11.0	5,792,957	11.7	2,482,658
Roseburg	1.5	8,829,758	2.8	760,083
Medford	30.4	6,150,470	1.3	25,926
Coos Bay	2.5	8,413,603	26.6	2,774,790
Oregon Total	70.01	\$39,114,821	58.4	\$9,587,638
Spokane	.07	5,455	1.4	219,604
Total	70.08	\$39,120,276	59.8	\$9,807,242

* Million board feet

Western Oregon BLM — Hierarchy of Acres

Hierarchy	Salem	Eugene	Roseburg	Medford	Coos Bay	Lakeview	Total acres
Reserves	221,000	139,000	185,000	247,000	144,000	2,000	938,000
Special Mgmt. Areas	29,000	20,000	34,000	232,000	32,000	12,000	359,000
Riparian Reserves	78,000	77,000	98,000	165,000	90,000	14,000	522,000
Operational Infeasibility	9,000	8,000	11,000	24,000	11,000	—	63,000
Adaptive Mgmt. Areas	10,000	6,000	8,000	33,000	—	—	57,000
Connectivity Diversity Blocks	11,000	24,000	27,000	11,000	5,000	—	78,000
General Forest Mgmt. Blocks	41,000	40,000	55,000	147,000	45,000	24,000	352,000
Western Oregon Total	399,000	314,000	418,000	859,000	327,000	52,000	2,369,000

DEFINITIONS

Reserves: Includes Congressionally withdrawn, Late-Successional Reserves, District Defined Reserves

Special Mgmt. Areas: Includes TPCC, recreation sites, ACECs, RNAs

Riparian Reserves: Areas which support Aquatic Conservation Strategy objectives and provide habitat for certain species.

Operational Infeasibility: Estimated areas in which harvest activities would be operationally infeasible.

Adaptive Management Areas: Does not include areas within Late-Successional Reserves.

Connectivity Diversity Blocks: These areas, along with the General Forest Management Areas comprise the Matrix.

General Forest Mgmt. Areas: The majority of the PSQ will come from these areas. In addition, Connectivity blocks will be managed to retain 25-30% in Late-Successional forest.

Timber Harvests

2001 Harvested Volume (MM bd. ft.)

Western Oregon		Eastern Oregon and Washington	
Lakeview	0.4	Lakeview	—
Salem	12.1	Burns	<0.1
Eugene	7.2	Vale	—
Roseburg	4.2	Prineville	1.2
Medford	16.7	Spokane	<0.1
Coos Bay	5.3		
Total	45.9	Total	1.3

Harvest Acreage by Method

District	FY 2000		FY 2001	
	Regeneration Acres	Partial cut Acres	Regeneration Acres	Partial cut Acres
Lakeview	—	1,368	—	792
Burns	—	—	—	5
Vale	1	—	—	—
Prineville	—	—	170	337
Salem	315	613	205	121
Eugene	354	514	95	265
Roseburg	451	355	45	118
Medford	342	2,811	87	2,047
Coos Bay	289	593	93	169
Oregon Total	2,032	6,084	695	3,195
Spokane	—	—	1	—
Total	2,032	6,084	696	3,195

Forestry

Special Forest Products Sales

Item and Unit	FY 1998		FY 1999	
	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
Fuelwood, board feet	\$4,518,981	\$25,583	\$4,518,981	\$25,583
Bolts and shakes, board feet	938	200	494	200
Small poles, board feet	342,612	1,557	3,366,286	2,600
Large poles, board feet	89,431	158	—	—
Corral poles, board feet	11,331	674	93,823	767
Posts, board feet	70,218	908	6,836	452
Split rails, board feet	2,096	92	600	49
Pulpwood, board feet*	180,406	6,697	8,114	890
Edible & Medicinals, pounds	18,302	706	10,989	448
Boughs, pounds	575,131	16,955	811,910	20,847
Cones, bushels	41	184	1,473	553
Christmas trees, each	614	2,170	832	3,559
Transplants, each	5,926	1,777	17,410	3,366
Moss, pounds	164,392	14,327	95,849	2,859
Arrow stock, board feet**	—	—	—	—
Mushrooms, pounds	79,307	22,413	49,146	13,115
Burls, pounds	122,850	16,954	81,951	20,847
Feed & Forage, tons	78	1,166	—	—
Floral & Greenery, pounds	427,736	34,193	726,377	35,647
Total		\$146,713		\$131,783

*Includes marginal and house logs

** Includes hobby wood and alder sticks

Special Forest Products Sales

Item and Unit	FY 2000		FY 2001	
	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
Fuelwood, board feet	\$2,152,321	\$32,867	\$1,947,620	\$29,676
Bolts and shakes, board feet	—	—	—	—
Small poles, board feet	3,226,798	1,940	61,568	357
Large poles, board feet	241,400	80	422,107	230
Corral poles, board feet	1,556	125	1,311	51
Posts, board feet	7,650	411	35,494	204
Split rails, board feet	1,224	100	1,774	145
Pulpwood, board feet*	45,707	7,679	123,637	169
Edible & Medicinals, pounds	8,319	364	15,053	737
Boughs, pounds	602,983	23,505	1,029,231	42,117
Cones, bushels	1,833	524	1,640	1,208
Christmas trees, each	1,112	5,237	1,741	7,303
Transplants, each	12,372	611	6,933	304
Moss, pounds	135,717	4,514	167,989	6,511
Arrow stock, board feet**	—	—	3,336	290
Mushrooms, pounds	50,641	14,210	100,221	21,756
Burls, pounds	69,065	5,446	106,010	8,075
Feed & Forage, tons	232	983	—	—
Floral & Greenery, pounds	919,963	48,863	704,419	41,460
Total		\$147,457		\$160,592

*Includes marginal and house logs

** Includes hobby wood and alder sticks

Forestry

Forest Development - I

Reforestation work in site preparation, planting, and seeding on commercial forest land is tabulated here. Natural seeding is not included.

1998

District	Site Preparation Acres	Planting Acres
Lakeview	95	289
Burns	—	—
Vale	119	133
Prineville	—	—
Salem	550	519
Eugene	609	1,142
Roseburg	151	1,229
Medford	3,217	2,186
Coos Bay	701	939
Oregon Total	5,442	6,437
Spokane	—	—
Total	5,442	6,437

1999

District	Site Preparation Acres	Planting Acres
Lakeview	69	141
Burns	—	17
Vale	308	10
Prineville	—	—
Salem	887	676
Eugene	409	771
Roseburg	420	628
Medford	1,140	1,407
Coos Bay	239	576
Oregon Total	3,472	4,226
Spokane	—	123
Total	3,472	4,349

Forestry

Forest Development - I

Reforestation work in site preparation, planting, and seeding on commercial forest land is tabulated here. Natural seeding is not included.

2000

District	Site Preparation Acres	Planting Acres
Lakeview	28	97
Burns	—	—
Vale	—	577
Prineville	—	120
Salem	173	764
Eugene	531	922
Roseburg	489	1,060
Medford	1,069	911
Coos Bay	454	634
Oregon Total	2,744	5,085
Spokane	400	27
Total	3,144	5,112

2001

District	Site Preparation Acres	Planting Acres
Lakeview	—	36
Burns	—	—
Vale	32	108
Prineville	—	—
Salem	307	707
Eugene	—	485
Roseburg	323	647
Medford	366	973
Coos Bay	563	342
Oregon Total	1,591	3,298
Spokane	—	33
Total	1,591	3,331

Forestry

Forest Development - II

Plantation maintenance acres include both reforestation treatments made to protect unestablished stands from animals, insects, and disease and to release unestablished stands from competing vegetation.

FY 1998

District	Plantation Maintenance Acres	Under Burning
Lakeview	253	4,432
Burns	—	—
Vale	—	—
Prineville	—	—
Salem	2,244	—
Eugene	1,985	—
Roseburg	1,350	—
Medford	21,075	1,623
Coos Bay	4,613	—
Oregon Total	31,520	6,055
Spokane	—	—
Total	31,520	6,055

FY 1999

District	Plantation Maintenance Acres	Under Burning
Lakeview	314	11,529
Burns	59	—
Vale	—	64
Prineville	—	1,340
Salem	2,102	—
Eugene	1,276	—
Roseburg	1,082	—
Medford	10,917	1,276
Coos Bay	2,964	—
Oregon Total	18,714	14,209
Spokane	—	106
Total	18,714	14,315

Forestry

Forest Development - II

Plantation maintenance acres include both reforestation treatments made to protect unestablished stands from animals, insects, and disease and to release unestablished stands from competing vegetation.

FY 2000

District	Plantation Maintenance Acres	Under Burning
Lakeview	400	1,730
Burns	333	713
Vale	—	30
Prineville	—	1,725
Salem	3,361	—
Eugene	2,170	—
Roseburg	1,441	—
Medford	13,157	3,342
Coos Bay	3,572	—
Oregon Total	24,434	7,540
Spokane	—	90
Total	24,434	7,630

FY 2001

District	Plantation Maintenance Acres	Under Burning
Lakeview	300	100
Burns	—	—
Vale	15	—
Prineville	—	—
Salem	3,456	—
Eugene	1,401	—
Roseburg	663	—
Medford	8,410	—
Coos Bay	3,016	—
Oregon Total	17,261	100
Spokane	—	—
Total	17,261	100

Forestry

Forest Development - III

Fertilization and thinning accomplishments on commercial forest land are tabulated below. The Improvement column reports acres planted with genetically improved seedlings. Tree Improvement acres are included in the Forest Development I Table.

FY 1998				
District	Fertilization Acres	Improvement Acres	Thinning	
			Precommercial Acres	Commercial Acres*
Lakeview	—	—	1,422	1,869
Burns	—	—	—	—
Vale	—	—	—	104
Prineville	—	—	—	—
Salem	1,671	186	1,172	557
Eugene	—	244	5,139	—
Roseburg	1,093	157	4,363	1,019
Medford	360	—	6,623	8,443
Coos Bay	6,189	145	1,021	—
Oregon Total	9,313	732	19,740	11,992
Spokane	—	—	—	—
Total	9,313	732	19,740	11,992

* Thinning acres harvested.

FY 1999				
District	Fertilization Acres	Improvement Acres	Thinning	
			Precommercial Acres	Commercial Acres*
Lakeview	—	—	283	646
Burns	—	—	193	—
Vale	—	—	—	—
Prineville	—	—	502	502
Salem	2,974	150	1,330	—
Eugene	2,418	325	2,500	150
Roseburg	—	432	2,315	449
Medford	3,301	895	6,061	540
Coos Bay	7,186	230	1,043	50
Oregon Total	15,879	2,032	14,227	2,337
Spokane	—	—	—	—
Total	15,879	2,032	14,227	2,337

* Thinning acres harvested.

Forestry

Forest Development - III

Fertilization and thinning accomplishments on commercial forest land are tabulated below. The Improvement column reports acres planted with genetically improved seedlings. Tree Improvement acres are included in the Forest Development I Table.

FY 2000				
District	Fertilization Acres	Improvement Acres	Thinning	
			Precommercial Acres	Commercial Acres*
Lakeview	—	—	684	2,780
Burns	—	—	185	85
Vale	—	—	30	—
Prineville	6	—	50	1,614
Salem	—	336	1,359	—
Eugene	—	351	2,661	—
Roseburg	—	272	4,840	2
Medford	—	465	2,730	2,320
Coos Bay	—	329	34,586	57
Oregon Total	6	1,753	47,125	6,858
Spokane	—	—	100	—
Total	6	1,753	47,225	6,858

* Thinning acres harvested.

FY 2001				
District	Fertilization Acres	Improvement Acres	Thinning	
			Precommercial Acres	Commercial Acres*
Lakeview	—	—	200	—
Burns	—	—	255	187
Vale	—	—	27	—
Prineville	—	—	126	463
Salem	—	212	1,815	—
Eugene	—	219	4,565	—
Roseburg	—	56	5,436	—
Medford	—	386	4,043	—
Coos Bay	—	120	2,162	—
Oregon Total	—	993	18,629	650
Spokane	—	—	100	—
Total	—	993	18,729	650

* Thinning acres harvested.

Wild Horse and Burro Program

BLM manages 19 wild horse herd management areas that are primarily located in southeastern Oregon. Our goal is to maintain healthy free roaming wild horse herds at a level that results in thriving natural ecological balance with their habitat and other multiple uses in the area. Oregon herd numbers increase annually by twenty percent on the average. Decisions to gather excess animals are based on rangeland monitoring studies, availability of forage and water, and census of wild horse numbers. Normally, three to five of Oregon's herds are gathered annually to remove excess animals and balance population numbers with the capability of the range to sustain them. After capture, the horses are prepared for adoption at the Burns Wild Horse Corrals where they are offered to eligible adopters through BLM's Wild Horse and Burro Adoption Program. Oregon's wild horses are known for their quality and color and are popular with adopters throughout the United States.

Wild Horse Management

Horses Removed From the Range FY 2001

District	Herd Management Area	Removal Date	# Removed
Lakeview	Paisley	10/18/00	338
Vale	Coyote Lake	1/25/01	245
Burns	Alvord-Tule Springs	2/1/01	70
	Warm Springs	8/15/01	325

Adoption/Compliance for FY 2001

Number of animals adopted in OR/WA	492
Compliance inspections/Number of animals checked	248



Rangelands

Oregon BLM Wild Horse and Burro Population Data

Herd Management Area Name (HMA)	Herd Area Acreage	Last Census	Census Count	Estimated Horse Population*	Appropriate Management Level Range
BURNS DISTRICT					
Warm Springs	475,468	8/15/2001	111	111	111-202
Heath Creek-Sheepshead	62,792	6/25/2001	95	95	61-102
Palomino Buttes	71,668	10/26/1998	32	55	32-64
Stinkingwater	81,009	6/26/2000	83	91	40-80
South Steens	132,091	6/22/2001	321	321	159-304
Riddle Mountain	28,346	9/6/1999	51	73	33-56
Kiger	33,249	9/31/1999	53	77	51-82
Alvord-Tule Springs	349,957	2/1/2001	73	88	73-140
PRINEVILLE DISTRICT					
Ligget Table	28,100	8/17/2001	40	40	10-25
VALE DISTRICT					
Hog Creek	22,265	6/26/2001	86	86	30-50
Cold Springs	29,883	6/26/2001	101	101	75-150
Three Fingers	70,187	6/26/2001	333	333	75/150
Jackies Butte	65,211	9/27/2001	105	126	75/150
Sand Springs	196,774	6/25/2001	189	189	100-200
Coyote Lake	206,663	1/25/2001	125	150	125-250
Sheepshead	136,050	6/25/2001	323	323	100-200
LAKEVIEW DISTRICT					
Pailsey	297,762	10/18/2000	60	72	60-110
Beatys Butte	399,643	6/20/2001	542	542	100-250
Pokegama	52,272	6/10/2000	43	52	30-50
BLM TOTAL			2,766	2,925	1,340-2,615

* When a census for an HMA was not conducted in FY01, an increase of 20% was added to the previous year's estimated population number or actual census number.

Rangelands



BLM in Oregon and Washington is responsible for administering nearly 14 million acres of rangeland and is currently conducting Rangeland Health Assessments on these lands to determine their conditions relative to watershed function, ecological processes, water quality and habitats for native and T&E species (the Standards for Land Health).

Management of these lands is focused on restoring rangeland health where necessary and maintaining healthy landscapes where they currently exist. Treatments like prescribed burning, rehabilitation of burned lands, fencing, water developments, juniper management, weed control and implementing planned grazing systems are aimed at land health restoration and maintenance.

Much of BLM administered rangeland is grazed by livestock under a system of permits and leases in which ranchers pay grazing fees for the privilege of use. Statistics about these permits and leases are shown on the following page.

Rangelands

Livestock Grazing Authorized Use

Grazing use is tabulated for fiscal year 2001. Grazing fees for all BLM lands were \$1.35 per AUM from October 1, 2000 through September 30, 2001.

Livestock Grazing Authorized Use for 2001

District	Permits	AUMs ¹	Leases	AUMs
Lakeview	78	135,746	59	5,276
Burns	146	192,639	3	1,331
Vale	351	335,889	72	2,401
Prineville	90	51,264	262	23,185
Eugene	—	—	—	—
Roseburg	—	—	—	—
Medford	—	—	48	9,901
Coos Bay	—	—	6	43
Salem	—	—	—	—
Oregon				
Total	665	715,538	450	42,137
Spokane	—	—	259	29,862
OR/WA				
Total	665	715,538	709	71,999

Above figures do not include numbers authorized by Exchange of Use Agreement.
¹An AUM (animal unit month) is the forage required to sustain one cow (or its equivalent) for one month.

Rangelands

Resource Development and Conservation

Major watershed conservation and range improvement projects are tabulated here. Other accomplishments include preparation of watershed management plans, soil stabilization, and weed treatments.

FY 2001

District	Brush & Juniper			Cattle Guards Number	Pipe line Miles	Number Reservoirs	Number Springs	Number Wells
	Seeding Acres	Mgmt Acres	Fencing Miles					
Lakeview	2,000	—	20	4	1	1	—	—
Burns	14,282	1,188	11	2	4	1	3	—
Vale	—	13,720	30	—	1	—	—	—
Prineville	—	2,541	15	14	—	—	—	—
Medford	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—
OR Total	16,282	17,449	77	20	6	2	3	—
Spokane	14	350	9	—	—	—	5	—
Total	16,296	17,799	86	20	6	2	8	—

Note: Some of the range improvements are actually reconstructions of older projects that have deteriorated beyond reasonable maintenance costs.



Wildlife Habitat



Most BLM-managed lands provide habitat for a diversity of fish and wildlife species. Resource management plans (RMPs) incorporate fish and wildlife needs to achieve a balance among various land uses. Special attention is given to the habitats of endangered or threatened and migratory species.

BLM cooperates closely with state wildlife management agencies in improving fish and wildlife habitat conditions, restoring animal populations, providing forage and water, and managing habitats to attain appropriate wildlife population levels. BLM also welcomes and encourages the cooperation of wildlife groups, sports clubs, and others interested in wildlife management.

Wildlife Habitat

Big Game Population Estimates

Big game animals using lands managed by BLM during fiscal year 2001.

District	Pronghorn		Elk	Bighorn Sheep	Mountain Black		Cougar
	Antelope	Deer			Goats	Bear	
Lakeview	3,300	23,000	800	400	—	60	50
Burns	5,600	15,000	1,400	785	—	15	50
Vale	5,100	39,600	6,145	625	10	80	40
Prineville	3,700	25,000	2,000	250	—	15	25
Salem	—	19,000	2,400	—	—	230	20
Eugene	—	30,000	1,970	—	—	400	25
Roseburg	—	16,600	1,000	—	—	70	50
Medford	—	30,000	2,500	—	—	900	150
Coos Bay	—	15,000	3,000	—	—	500	50
Ore. Total	17,700	213,200	21,215	2,060	10	2,270	460
Spokane	—	3,500	150	174	53	200	26
Total	17,700	216,700	21,365	2,234	63	2,470	486

Wildlife Habitat on BLM Lands

As of 9/30/01

District	Big Game Acres	Small Game Acres	Waterfowl Acres	Fishable Streams Miles
Lakeview	2,556,000	2,051,000	31,000	99
Burns	3,195,000	2,497,000	17,635	237
Vale	2,883,000	4,260,000	11,000	600
Prineville	1,296,000	1,482,000	13,600	438
Salem	388,000	388,000	10,400	376
Eugene	300,000	303,000	2,210	715
Roseburg	424,000	424,000	—	282
Medford	850,000	894,000	6,900	535
Coos Bay	280,000	330,000	2,000	356
Ore. Total	12,172,000	12,629,000	94,745	3,638
Spokane	355,000	355,000	12,500	140
Total	12,527,000	12,984,000	107,245	3,778

Wildlife Habitat



Watershed analysis is essentially ecosystem analysis at the watershed scale. It is a procedure used to characterize the human, aquatic, riparian, and terrestrial features, conditions, processes, and interactions on Federal lands within a watershed. It provides a systematic way to understand and organize ecosystem information and enhances our ability to estimate effects of management activities. Cumulative watershed assessments are represented below in acres as a percent of the district.

Watershed Analysis

District	BLM (Acres)	% FY01
Salem	100,025	39.5
Eugene	102,240	32.5
Roseburg	409,697	96.0
Medford	176,315	96.0
Coos Bay	299,533	93.0
Lakeview	105,800	18.4
Totals	1,193,610	
Average % Completed		62.6

Wildlife Habitat



Northern Spotted Owl Banding ¹

District	<u>Adults/Subadults</u> ²		<u>Juveniles</u> ³		<u>Total</u>	
	2000	2001	2000	2001	2000	2001
Lakeview	1	2	5	1	6	3
Salem	20	11	28	5	48	16
Eugene	5	6	21	37	26	43
Roseburg	25	41	101	164	126	205
Medford	20	37	65	80	85	117
Coos Bay	0	7	9	16	9	23
Total	71	104	229	303	300	407

¹ Includes birds banded by BLM and Cooperators on BLM lands and private lands in intermingled ownership.

² Subadult owls are one to three years old. Adult birds are over three years old.

³ Juvenile owls are those hatched in reporting years.

Wildlife Habitat

Northern Spotted Owl Inventory and Monitoring on BLM-Managed Lands

District	Confirmed Pairs		Single/ Unconfirmed Pairs		Unoccupied Sites ¹		Total Sites Visited		Juveniles Counted	
	2000	2001	2000	2001	2000	2001	2000	2001	2000	2001
Lakeview	10	11	2	0	3	3	13	14	8	2
Salem	41	27	19	9	8	22	78	64	31	20
Eugene	53	51	46	48	126	124	155	138	25	22
Roseburg	126	138	39	22	9	45	264	264	126	164
Medford	151	144	37	44	87	95	275	283	90	88
Coos Bay	67	19	16	12	3	21	95	69	54	16
Total	448	390	159	135	236	310	880	832	334	312

¹ Includes sites with at least three visits.

Species Known to Occur in Oregon and Washington

	<u>Oregon</u>	<u>Washington</u>
Freshwater Fish	107	83
Reptiles/Amphibians	61	51
Birds	442	402
Mammals	154	161
Vascular Plants	3,400	3,000

Areas of Critical Environmental Concern (ACEC)

ACECs are areas of land where the BLM has determined through land use planning that special management attention is required to protect and prevent irreparable damage to an identified value. BLM manages 168 ACECs in Oregon and Washington totaling 602,670 acres.

District	Total	District	Total
Burns	21	Prineville	15
Coos Bay	11	Roseburg	10
Eugene	14	Salem	26
Lakeview	8	Spokane	16
Medford	28	Vale	19

Wildlife Habitat/Recreation

Watchable Wildlife

As the manager of 16 million acres of wildlife habitat in the Pacific Northwest, BLM is enhancing wildlife viewing opportunities through the Watchable Wildlife Program. In 1992, viewing sites, interpretive signs, and a wildlife viewing guide were created to encourage public enjoyment and understanding of wildlife and wildlife habitat.

Wildlife Viewing Sites

District	Total viewing sites	Sites with interpretation
Lakeview	9	9
Burns	6	1
Vale	4	2
Prineville	5	1
Salem	3	1
Eugene	4	2
Roseburg	4	3
Medford	9	3
Coos Bay	3	2
Oregon Total	47	24
Spokane	6	2
Total	53	26



Recreation



Diversity prevails in outdoor recreation on the lands managed by BLM. Most popular of all is enjoying the scenery of the wide open spaces, while other activities include picnicking, camping, hunting, fishing, swimming, boating, hiking, horseback riding, rockhounding, studying nature and taking photographs.

BLM provides recreation sites with picnicking and camping facilities in many popular locations, while natural conditions are preserved in wilderness areas. In between, there is plenty of room to roam while enjoying recreational pursuits. Fees are required at certain recreation sites, competitive events, and for commercial activities.

Recreation

Recreation Management

	Developed Campgrounds/Picnic Areas ¹				Special Recreation	
	Number	Camp	Picnic	Fees	Permits	Fees
	Units	Units	Units		Number	
Lakeview	4	70	10	\$49,115	26	\$40,827
Burns	4	79	20	65,080	34	8,260
Prineville	10	99	17	195,670	200	106,896
Vale	10	62	22	147,470	41	4,899
Salem	9	120	136	449,349	8	280
Eugene	4	63	31	45,116	8	6,125
Roseburg	7	84	35	61,000	1	1,506
Medford	1	72	45	451,985	1,282	281,903
Coos Bay	1	53	32	122,093	2	160
Oregon Total	50	702	348	1,586,878	1602	450,856
Spokane	8	7	12	10,822	14	1,672
Total	58	709	360	1,597,700	1,616	452,528

¹ Facility Inventory Maintenance Management System (FIMMS) level 3 recreation sites.

Recreation Visits

Lakeview District		305,052
Klamath Falls Resource Area	168,246	
Lakeview Resource Area	136,806	
Burns District		718,205
Three Rivers Resource Area	185,454	
Andrews Resource Area	532,751	
Vale District		624,573
Malheur Resource Area	153,520	
Jordan Resource Area	47,540	
Baker Resource Area	423,513	
Prineville District		1,286,599
Central Oregon Resource Area	243,334	
Deschutes Resource Area	1,043,265	
Salem District		1,565,831
Cascades Resource Area	430,201	
Mary's Peak Resource Area	721,580	
Tillamook Resource Area	414,050	
Eugene District		1,216,878
Coast Range Resource Area	783,630	
South Valley Resource Area	91,473	
McKenzie Resource Area	341,775	
Roseburg District		402,017
Swiftwater Resource Area	327,802	
South River Resource Area	74,215	

Recreation

Recreation Visits

Medford District		998,434
Butte Falls Resource Area	170,110	
Ashland Resource Area	442,534	
Grants Pass Resource Area	323,183	
Glendale Resource Area	62,607	
Coos Bay District		872,843
Umpqua Resource Area	616,974	
Myrtlewood Resource Area	255,869	
Spokane District		273,889
Wenatchee Resource Area	217,571	
Border Resource Area	56,318	
Total — Oregon and Washington		8,264,321

Wild and Scenic River System

Recreation program efforts included the continued management of priority Special Recreation Management Areas, implementation of the Omnibus Oregon Wild and Scenic Rivers Act of 1988, and the Watchable Wildlife and National Back Country Byways Initiatives. Primary focus continued to be directed toward the provision of visitor services, included interpretive information, and the protection of recreation resources.

River	District	Total Miles	Wild	Scenic	Recreational
Clackamas	Salem	0.5	—	—	0.5
Crooked, Chimney Rock	Prineville	17.8	—	—	17.8
Deschutes	Prineville	120.0	—	20.0	100.0
Donner und Blitzen	Burns	87.5	87.5	—	—
Elkhorn Creek	Vale	3.0	2.4	0.6	—
Grand Ronde	Vale	24.9	9.0	—	15.9
John Day (Main Stem)	Prineville	147.5	—	—	147.5
North Fork Crooked	Prineville	18.8	11.9	2.2	4.7
North Fork Owyhee	Vale	9.6	9.6	—	—
North Umpqua	Roseburg	8.4	—	—	8.4
Owyhee	Vale	120.0	120.0	—	—
Powder	Vale	11.7	—	11.7	—
Quartzville Creek	Salem	9.7	—	—	9.7
Rogue	Medford	47.0	20.6	—	26.4
Salmon	Salem	8.0	—	4.8	3.2
Sandy	Salem	12.5	—	3.8	8.7
South Fork John Day	Prineville	47.0	—	—	47.0
Upper Klamath	Lakeview	11	11	—	—
Wallowa	Vale	10	—	—	10
West Little Owyhee	Vale	57.6	57.6	—	—
White	Prineville	24.7	—	17.8	6.9
Wildhorse & Kiger Creeks	Burns	13.9	13.9	—	—
Total		812.9	332.5	71.9	408.5

Recreation

Back Country Byways

Since 1989, BLM has designated 13 National Back Country Byways in Oregon. The byway program responds to the public demand for pleasure driving opportunities, while enhancing recreation experiences and informing visitors about public land resources.

<u>District</u>	<u>Byway</u>	<u>Miles</u>	<u>Road Types</u>
Lakeview	Christmas Valley	102	paved, gravel
Lakeview and Burns	Lakeview to Steens	91	paved, gravel
Burns	Steens Mountain	66	gravel
	Diamond Loop	75	paved
Vale	Leslie Gulch-Succor Creek	50	gravel
Vale	Snake River/ Morman Basin	130	paved, gravel, dirt
Prineville	Lower Deschutes River	36	paved, gravel
	Lower Crooked River	43	paved, gravel
	South Fork John Day River	50	paved, gravel
Salem	Nestucca River	55	paved, gravel
	Quartzville Road	50	paved, gravel
	South Fork Alsea River	11	paved, gravel
Medford	Galice-Hellgate	39	paved
	Grave Creek to Marial	33	paved, gravel, dirt
Roseburg	Cow Creek Road	45	paved
Total		15 Byways	876

Cultural Resources

Developments

The BLM's cultural program in Oregon and Washington during the 2001 fiscal year spanned a wide spectrum of activities. Partnerships with research organizations led to identifying a prehistoric jackrabbit roasting site in Catlow Valley and a series of caves in south-central Oregon in cooperation with the University of Oregon, Early Man finds and excavations at a 9,000 year-old archaeological site in southeastern Oregon with the University of Nevada Reno, excavating a large village site on the Owyhee River with Washington State University, recording early rock art sites in cooperation with the Sundance Archaeological Research Fund. A volunteer spent her second summer recording over 300 rock art panels which had never been recorded.

Heritage education partners included the High Desert Museum; Pringle Elementary School, Salem; the States of Oregon and Washington; the U.S. Forest Service; Douglas County Cooperative Extension Service; Eastern Washington University; and the Spokane Tribe of Indians. BLM staff conducted a teacher workshop, "Exploring Oregon's Past," to train educators on how to use the BLM teacher's guide and supportive material. The BLM cultural resource program again developed an Oregon State Fair cabin exhibit, focused on the Civilian Conservation Corps (CCC) experience in Oregon. Partners involved in the display included The High Desert Museum and the University of Oregon School of Architecture and Allied Arts.



Cultural Resources

Adventures in the Past

"Adventures in the Past" is a bureau-wide program created to enhance public enjoyment of cultural resources on public lands in Oregon and Washington. A list of on-site interpretive accommodations are listed below. Included are lighthouses, historic ranches, remnants of the Oregon Trail, a major interpretive center, and prehistoric sites.

Site	District	Features
National Historic Oregon Trail Interpretive Center	Vale	visitor center, interpreted hiking paths, living history, exhibits and programs
Keeney Pass Oregon Trail National Register District	Vale	interpretive kiosk
Echo Meadows Oregon Trail ACEC	Vale	interpretive kiosk
Birch Creek Oregon Trail Site	Vale	interpretive sign
Alkali Springs Oregon Trail Site	Vale	interpretive sign
John Day River Crossing Oregon Trail Site	Prineville	interpretive kiosk
Mack Canyon National Register and Archaeological Site	Prineville	interpretive panels
Wagon Road ACEC	Prineville	interpretive trail
Four Mile Canyon Oregon Trail Site	Prineville	interpretive signs
Rogue River Ranch National Register Site	Medford	interpretive displays
Whiskey Creek Cabin National Register Site	Medford	public viewing
Yaquina Head Lighthouse and Archaeological Site	Salem	on-site naturalist interpreter
China Mining Ditch	Roseburg	interpretive panels
Greaser Petroglyph	Lakeview	interpretive plaque
Riddle Brothers Ranch National Historic District	Burns	interpretive displays
Gap Ranch CCC Site	Burns	interpretive displays
Cape Blanco Lighthouse	Coos Bay	lighthouse tours and greeting center

National Landscape Conservation System

Wilderness

Oregon has four BLM wilderness areas (185,421 acres), and 90 wilderness study areas (including five instant study areas) totalling 2.7 million acres.

Washington has one BLM-managed wilderness area, Juniper Dunes (7,110 acres), and one wilderness study area totalling 5,699 acres.



The Bureau of Land Management established the National Landscape Conservation System (NLCS) to help protect some of the nation's most remarkable and rugged landscapes. The system includes the agency's National Monuments, Congressionally designated National Conservation Areas, Wilderness and wilderness study areas, Wild and Scenic Rivers, and other areas designated for important scenic, scientific, historical and ecological characteristics.

Steens Mountain Cooperative Management and Protection Area was designated by Congress in 2000. The area consists of 425,000 acres of landscape in southeastern Oregon including volcanic uplifts, deep glacial carved gorges, stunning scenery, wilderness, wild rivers, and a rich diversity of plant and animal species.

The 52,947 acre Cascade-Siskiyou National Monument was established in June 2000. Geological and climatological influences from the north, south, east and west converge in southwestern Oregon's Cascade, Siskiyou and Klamath mountain ranges. Plants and animals typically found in ecologically distinct regions come together in a spectacular array of species richness and diversity.

National Landscape Conservation System

Distribution of Wilderness and Study Areas

The newest addition to the National Wilderness Preservation System in Oregon is the Steens Mountain Wilderness in the Burns District. Two entire Wilderness Study Areas (WSAs) and portions of six others were incorporated into this scenic wilderness. BLM completed a 15-year study of roadless areas set in motion by the 1976 Federal Land Policy and Management Act. WSAs were studied through a land use planning process, and final recommendations on each regarding their suitability for wilderness area designation and addition to the National Wilderness Preservation System were developed. Final recommendations on most of the WSA's and five Instant Study Areas in Oregon were transmitted by the President to Congress in July 1992. A total of 1.3 million acres were recommended as suitable for wilderness designation and 1.5 million acres not suitable for designation. The single WSA in Washington totals 5,699 acres; it was recommended not suitable for wilderness designation during a previous year. Two WSAs in the Prineville District have been recognized since the statewide Wilderness Inventory, but have not yet received wilderness recommendations. They are Sutton Mountain (OR-5-84, 28,990 acres) and Pat's Cabin (OR-5-85, 9,782 acres). Several small off-shore islands managed as two WSAs and one Wilderness were transferred to the Fish and Wildlife Service through legislation.

Final decisions on each area will be made by Congress via legislation. A Congressional decision could be several years away, because there is no time limit for the wilderness legislation. Wilderness values in all WSA's are protected by BLM until final decisions are rendered by Congress.

District	Wilderness Areas		Wilderness Study Areas		Instant Study Areas	
	Areas	Acres	Areas	Acres	Areas	Acres
Salem	1	5,702	—	—	1	80
Medford	1	8,629	1	6,097	1	210
Vale	1	1,065	32	1,105,511	—	—
Coos Bay	—	—	—	—	1	590
Prineville	—	—	18	222,690	1	600
Lakeview	—	—	13	430,178	1	8,000
Burns	1	170,025	21	921,969	—	—
Oregon total	4	185,421	85	2,686,445	5	9,480
Spokane	1	7,110	1	5,699	—	—
Total	5	192,531	86	2,692,144	5	9,480

National Landscape Conservation System

Oregon Wilderness Recommendations

WSA	WSA Number	Acres recommended wilderness	Acres not recommended wilderness
Devil's Garden Lava Bed	OR-1-2	27,003	1,232
Squaw Ridge Lava Bed	OR-1-3	20,055	8,629
Four Craters Lava Bed	OR-1-22	8,803	3,669
Sand Dunes	OR-1-24	—	16,500
Diablo Mountain	OR-1-58	82,047	36,752
Orejana Canyon	OR-1-78	14,408	9,775
Abert Rim	OR-1-101	25,067	—
Fish Creek Rim	OR-1-117	12,120	7,001
Guano Creek	OR-1-132	10,582	—
Spaulding	OR-1-139	—	68,493
Hawk Mountain	OR-1-146A	69,735	—
Sage Hen Hills	OR-1-146B	—	7,967
Malheur River-Bluebucket Creek	OR-2-14	—	5,529
Stonehouse	OR-2-23L	—	22,769
Lower Stonehouse	OR-2-23M	—	7,449
Sheepshead Mountain	OR-2-72C	43,470	9,318
Wildcat Canyon	OR-2-72D	34,724	—
Heath Lake	OR-2-72F	—	21,197
Table Mountain	OR-2-72I	25,138	14,905
West Peak	OR-2-72J	—	8,598
East Alvord	OR-2-73A	—	22,161
Winter Range	OR-2-73H	—	15,517
Alvord Desert	OR-2-74	69,353	166,908
Mahogany Ridge	OR-2-77	—	27,085
Red Mountain	OR-2-78	—	15,659
Pueblo Mountains	OR-2-81 / NV-020-642	26,768	47,344
Rincon	OR-2-82	18,955	89,528
Basque Hills	OR-2-84	—	140,309
High Steens	OR-2-85F	1,154	12,811
South Fork Donner und Blitzen	OR-2-85G	—	27,969
Home Creek	OR-2-85H	—	1,165
Blitzen River	OR-2-86E	1,889	30,013
Bridge Creek	OR-2-87	—	14,284
Pine Creek	OR-2-98A	—	211
Sheep Gulch	OR-2-98C	—	728
Indian Creek	OR-2-98D	—	211
Aldrich Mountain	OR-2-103	—	9,132
Castle Rock	OR-3-18	—	6,152
Beaver Dam Creek	OR-3-27	—	19,138
Camp Creek	OR-3-31	18,322	1,547
Cottonwood Creek	OR-3-32	7,240	871
Gold Creek	OR-3-33	13,598	—
Sperry Creek	OR-3-35	5,295	—
Cedar Mountain	OR-3-47	—	33,470
Dry Creek	OR-3-53	—	23,350
Dry Creek Buttes	OR-3-56	—	51,382
Owyhee Breaks	OR-3-59	10,320	2,798
Blue Canyon	OR-3-73	12,575	—
Upper Leslie Gulch	OR-3-74	2,906	—
Slocum Creek	OR-3-75	7,5490	—
Honeycombs	OR-3-77A	34,630	4,061

National Landscape Conservation System

Oregon Wilderness Recommendations

WSA	WSA Number	Acres recommended wilderness	Acres not recommended wilderness
Wild Horse Basin	OR-3-77B	—	12,007
Lower Owyhee Canyon	OR-3-110	62,651	12,092
Saddle Butte	OR-3-111	—	85,764
Palomino Hills	OR-3-114	—	54,242
Bowden Hills	OR-3-118	—	59,061
Clarks Butte	OR-3-120	—	31,285
Jordan Craters	OR-3-128	23,002	4,778
Willow Creek	OR-3-152	25,350	4,502
Disaster Peak	OR-3-153	16,251	1,192
	NV-020-859		
Fifteenmile Creek	OR-3-156	50,332	30
Oregon Canyon	OR-3-157	42,121	—
Twelvemile Creek	OR-3-162	24,793	3,249
Upper West Little Owyhee	OR-3-173	61,459	—
Lookout Butte	OR-3-194	—	66,206
	ID-16-48A		
Owyhee River Canyon	OR-3-195	150,846	36,745
	ID-16-48B		
Thirtymile	OR-5-1	7,428	198
Lower John Day	OR-5-6	23,328	2,069
North Pole Ridge	OR-5-8	7,845	534
Spring Basin	OR-5-9	6,483	—
Deschutes Canyon/ Steelhead Falls	OR-5-14	—	3,192
Badlands	OR-5-21	29,389	156
North Fork	OR-5-31	—	11,397
South Fork	OR-5-33	17,967	2,365
Sand Hollow	OR-5-34	8,902	482
Gerry Mountain	OR-5-35	—	22,350
Hampton Butte	OR-5-42	—	10,249
Cougar Well	OR-5-43	—	19,302
McGraw Creek	OR-6-1	—	520
Homestead	OR-6-2	—	14,582
Sheep Mountain	OR-6-3	7,247	—
Mountain Lakes	OR-11-1	340	—
Soda Mountain	OR-11-17	6,075	22
Western Juniper RNA	OR-5-5 (ISA)	—	600
Lost Forest RNA	OR-1-12 (ISA)	—	8,000
Little Sink RNA	OR-8-1 (ISA)	—	80
Brewer Spruce RNA	OR-11-10 (ISA)	—	210
Douglas Fir RNA	OR-12-1 (ISA)	—	590
Total:		1,175,515*	1,481,638*

* These acreages have been updated using GIS technology, and reflecting changes made by recent legislation, inventory and planning work.

Minerals and Energy



BLM is responsible for administering minerals management laws on all federal lands and also on other lands where mineral rights have been retained by the United States. BLM also assists the Bureau of Indian Affairs in supervising mineral activities on Indian lands. BLM issues mineral leases, regulates exploration and production, maintains records of mining claims and administers sales of common minerals. Operators' plans are reviewed to ensure conservation of mineral resources and protection of other resource values. Operations and rehabilitation of mined and drilled areas are monitored.

The BLM minerals and energy resource management programs are responsible for approximately 56 million acres of federal minerals in Oregon and Washington.

Number of Mining Claim Recordations (all Public Lands)

Claims recorded:	14,951
Annual assessments or rental fees processed:	12,645

Mineral Leases

Coal:	2
Other Solid Minerals:	10 ¹

¹ Includes tribal mineral leases for which BLM has trust management responsibility.

Minerals and Energy

Minerals

Item	Oregon		Washington	
	FY 2000	FY 2001	FY 2000	FY 2001
Mineral Patents Issued	—	3	—	—
Coal Leases Issued, Acres	—	—	—	—
Coal Leases in Force, Acres	—	—	521	521
Oil & Gas Leases Issued, Acres	12,605	4,272	35,090	16298
Oil & Gas Leases in Force, Acres	55,129	40,189	44,136	79,226

Geothermal Leases in Effect September 30, 2001

Oregon

	Number	Acreage
USDA Forest Service	56	52,921
BLM	1	320
Total	57	53,241

Federal Lands Available for Mining and Mineral Leasing (as of 9-30-2001)

	Oregon		Washington	
	Acres Open	Acres Closed	Acres Open	Acres Closed
Location and Entry Under the Mining Laws ¹	28,805,000	4,800,000	6,326,000	5,304,000
Application and Offer Under the Mineral Leasing Laws ^{1,2}	29,615,000	6,230,000	6,310,000	5,320,000

¹Acreage also includes federal subsurface ownership where surface is not owned by the United States.

²Acreage also includes acquired lands.

Support

There are a wide variety of support activities including programs in engineering design and construction, cadastral survey, cartography, fire management and control, unauthorized use prevention, road and recreation site maintenance, access acquisition, land and mineral appraisal, lands and mineral case adjudication, land status records, and mining claim recordation. Public land records are maintained, and information is provided about the land records, public land laws, and mineral laws.



Support

Fire Management

FY 2001 was BLM's first full year operating under the National Fire Plan (NFP). In Oregon and Washington, resource agencies could increase the equipment and personnel needed to fight fire, begin projects to reduce hazardous fuels, stabilize burned areas to prevent further damage, conduct research in fire behavior, and provide assistance to rural fire districts and communities. NFP funding allowed agencies to hire over 1,100 new firefighters in 2001, and contract funds to businesses, tribes and organizations involved in local firefighting efforts.

More than half of the fires in 2001 consumed less than a quarter-acre. Less than 3% of fires in Oregon and Washington in 2001 were over 100 acres. BLM provided many resources and personnel for the interagency firefighting effort throughout the western United States, and for burned area emergency rehabilitation.

Hazardous fuels projects were focused on reducing the intensity of fires, especially in the wildland urban interface areas. Managers used prescribed fire, hand piling, commercial thinning and mechanical treatments to remove ladder fuels and make fuel breaks on 82,829 BLM acres in Oregon and Washington. Thinning and brush removal will continue in future years through agency projects, contract and grant programs, and partnership efforts. While reducing risk to communities, this effort will also restore health to fire-adapted ecosystems.

Fire Statistical Summary

Number of fires and acres burned on lands managed by the Bureau of Land Management in Oregon and Washington during 2001.

	Human Caused		Lightning Caused		Total	Total
	No. of Fires	BLM Acres Burned	No. Of Fires	BLM Acres Burned	Number of Fires	BLM Acres Burned
Lakeview	5	6	40	86,439	45	86,445
Burns	6	18	76	53,715	82	53,733
Vale	6	3,313	38	83,340	44	86,653
Prineville	17	1,446	93	52,352	110	53,798
Salem	9	1	3	1	12	2
Eugene	11	3	4	2	15	5
Roseburg	—	—	9	3	9	3
Medford	20	19	90	1,040	110	1,059
Coos Bay	2	3	2	1	4	4
Oregon Total	76	4,809	355	276,893	431	281,702
Spokane	10	2,420	1	80	11	2,500
Total	86	7,229	356	276,973	442	284,202

Support

Average Number of Fires Annually During Five Years, 1996-2000

Human Caused:	Number	97
	BLM Acres	16,719
Lightning Caused:	Number	233
	BLM Acres	82,007
Total Fires for 5 Years:		1,649
Total BLM Acres for 5 Years:		493,630

Average Number of Fires Annually During Ten Years, 1991-2000

Human Caused:	Number	104
	BLM Acres	17,203
Lightning Caused:	Number	261
	BLM Acres	60,579
Total Fires for 10 Years:		3,645
Total BLM Acres for 10 Years:		777,828

Numbers of Fires by Size Class

Size Class	2001
A (0-.25 acres)	266
B (.26-9 acres)	110
C (10-99 acres)	35
D (100-299 acres)	8
E and larger (300+ acres)	4

Support

Prescribed Fire Statistical Summary

Eastern Oregon & Washington

Fire Summary FY96-2001 Office	Number of Prescribed Fires	—Prescribed Fire Type—Acres Treated—						Total Acres
		Forestry	Wildlife	Hazard Reduction	Range	Watershed	Other	
Lakeview	57	—	1,200	17,786	—	—	18,944	—
Burns	24	1,348	1,272	17,869	23,016	150	11,528	—
Vale	22	—	—	1,922	4,702	—	—	6,624
Prineville	62	100	28,694	5,826	3,567	2,566	6,053	46,806
Spokane	*	—	—	561	950	—	—	1,511

Western Oregon

FY2001 Office	Number of Prescribed Fires	—Prescribed Fire Type—Acres Treated—						Total Acres
		Forestry	Wildlife	Hazard Reduction	Range	Watershed	Other	
Salem	47	1,108	—	91	—	—	72	1,090
Eugene	65	2,796	—	—	—	—	687	2,287
Roseburg	141	2,518	—	1,888	—	—	—	4,406
Medford	*	—	—	21,596	—	—	—	21,596
Coos Bay	112	2,214	152	27	—	—	—	534

* incomplete data available

Prescribed Fires: State 5-year Average (FY 1996-2001)

Average Number of Projects:	104
Average Acres Treated:	36,885
Forestry	8,461
Wildlife	25,083
Hazard Reduction	41,517
Range	31,834
Watershed	2,604
Other	31,189
Total Projects for 5 Years:	530
Total Acres Treated for 5 Years:	109,499

Support

Roads

The BLM road transportation system in Oregon as of 9/30/01 totaled 28,114 miles, 19,246 miles in western Oregon and 8,868 miles in eastern Oregon. Washington has 37 miles.

Appropriated-fund constructed mileage has stayed about 5 miles (0 miles in eastern Oregon, 5 miles in western Oregon) because no funds have been appropriated for road construction for the past several years. No appropriated-fund roads have been constructed in Washington.

Roads constructed under the terms of timber sale contracts are shown in the table below. Other road mileage has been acquired by purchase, donation, and construction by others under permit, such as the Civilian Conservation Corps in the 1930s.

In FY 2001, 4,606 miles of the 28,151 mile BLM transportation system were maintained. This included 3,739 miles of road in western Oregon and 830 miles in eastern Oregon maintained by BLM; in addition, 244 miles on the west side and 73 miles on the east side were maintained by timber purchasers (under the terms of timber sale contracts) and by other government agencies or timber companies (under the terms of agreements). All roads are not maintained annually, but at varying intervals based on need.

Transportation System — Roads, Bridges, and Culverts

District	New (2001)				Maintenance		Major Culverts ¹	
	Roads (Miles)		Bridges (No.)		Roads (Miles)		Not Maintained	FY2001
	FY2001	Total	FY2001	Total	By BLM	By Others		
Lakeview	—	2,554	—	0	171	—	2,383	2
Burns	—	3,232	—	4	97	—	3,135	8
Vale	—	2,180	—	6	471	21	1,688	26
Prineville	—	902	—	8	91	52	759	8
Total E. Ore.		8,868	—	18	830	73	7,965	44
Lakeview	—	668	—	7	38	47	583	2
Salem	—	3,639	—	68	765	52	2,822	97
Eugene	—	2,863	—	43	807	49	2,007	69
Roseburg	—	3,847	—	79	686	11	3,150	116
Medford	—	5,302	—	76	688	75	4,539	73
Coos Bay	—	2,927	—	75	755	10	2,162	105
Total W. Ore.	—	19,246	—	348	3,739	244	15,263	462
Ore. Total	—	28,114	—	366	4,569	317	23,228	506
Spokane	—	37	—	2	37	—	—	2
Total		28,151	—	368	4,606	317	23,228	508

¹ Major culverts are defined as 80 inches in diameter or larger.

Support

Rights-of Way

Access to the forestlands of Oregon and Washington requires cooperation between private and Federal landowners. The BLM issues right-of-way permits to the public for the transportation of their forest products over government roads. Reciprocal right-of-way agreements are executed when the United States needs access across lands owned or controlled by an applicant for a right-of-way. Fees are collected to share in the cost of road construction and maintenance.



Support

Lands

The Lands program includes the processing of lands and minerals applications (casework) from other Federal agencies, state and local governments, and private individuals. This includes field examination, classification and issuance of land use decisions, title conveyances, leases, permits, rights-of-way, withdrawals and withdrawal review. It also provides for maintenance of public records in Oregon and Washington, issuance of public land status, and information about the public land and minerals laws.

Easements Acquired

	FY 2000 Direct Purchase	FY 2001 Direct Purchase
District		
Lakeview	3	—
Burns	2	—
Vale	—	—
Prineville	—	—
Salem	4	—
Eugene	4	1
Roseburg	2	1
Medford	7	6
Coos Bay	1	—
Spokane	1	—
Total	24	8

Other Lands Acquired

District	Project	FY 2001 Direct Purchase Acres
Coos Bay	North Spit	44.24
Eugene	West Eugene Wetlands	32.71
Medford	Soda Mountain	74.31
	Jacksonville Wetland	7.49
Roseburg	Ace Williams Mountain	39.11
Salem	Fisherman's Bend	17.74
	Sandy River	212.27
Spokane	Rock Creek	473.00
	Salmon Creek	56.00
Total		956.87

Support

Withdrawal Processing and Review

Section 204 of the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976 provides the Secretary of the Interior with the authority to make, modify, extend, and revoke administrative withdrawals. The Act also mandates the review of certain existing administrative withdrawals to determine whether their continuation is justified. The Bureau of Land Management is responsible for processing all administrative withdrawal actions for all Federal agencies, including withdrawal review, and for submitting appropriate findings and recommendations to the Secretary and Congress.

Actions Accomplished in FY 2000

	Oregon		Washington		Total	
	No.	Acres	No.	Acres	No.	Acres
New Withdrawals Approved	5	54,340	1	195,000	6	249,340
Withdrawals Modified	—	—	—	—	—	—
Withdrawals Extended	—	—	—	—	—	—
Withdrawals Revoked	3	10,151	1	2,404	4	12,555
Withdrawals Revoked in Part	—	—	—	—	—	—
Withdrawals Reviewed	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total	8	64,491	2	197,404	10	261,895

Actions Accomplished in FY 2001

	Oregon		Washington		Total	
	No.	Acres	No.	Acres	No.	Acres
New Withdrawals Approved	3	1,495,015	—	—	3	1,495,015
Withdrawals Modified	—	—	—	—	—	—
Withdrawals Extended	—	—	—	—	—	—
Withdrawals Revoked	—	—	—	—	—	—
Withdrawals Revoked in Part	3	560	1	1,159	4	1,719
Withdrawals Reviewed	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total	6	1,495,575	1	1,159	7	1,496,734

Support

Lands Transferred Between BLM and Other Federal Agencies

	FY 2000 Acres	FY 2001 Acres
Oregon		
Jurisdiction Transferred to BLM	—	—
Jurisdiction Transferred from BLM	—	—
Washington		
Jurisdiction Transferred to BLM	—	—
Jurisdiction Transferred from BLM	—	—

Land Leases

(In effect 9-30-2000)

Kind	Oregon		Washington	
	Number	Acres	Number	Acres
Recreation & Public Purposes Act	39	7,533	10	1,368
Small Tract	—	—	—	—
Airport	3	197	—	—
Mining Claim Occupancy Act	—	—	—	—
Public Works	2	1	1	1
Communication Site	—	—	—	—
Sec. 302 FLPMA Leases, Permits land Easements	71	27,459	3	3
Total	115	35,190	14	1,372

Land Leases

(In effect 9-30-2001)

Kind	Oregon		Washington	
	Number	Acres	Number	Acres
Recreation & Public Purposes Act	37	7,597	16	1,945
Airport	3	173	—	—
Mining Claim Occupancy Act	—	—	—	—
Public Works	2	1	1	12
Sec. 302 FLPMA Leases, Permits and Easements	127	69,550	8	29
Total	169	77,321	25	1,986

Support

Lands Received by BLM

	FY 2000 Acres	FY 2001 Acres
Oregon		
Exchanges	5,813	42,155
Reconveyance of Recreation & Public Purposes Act Land	—	—
Acquisitions in Fee	20	354
Total	5,833	42,509
Washington		
Exchanges	—	6,580
Reconveyance of Recreation & Public Purposes Act Land	—	—
Acquisition in Fee	1,083	529
Total	1,083	7,109
Grand Total	6,916	49,618

Surveys

Cadastral surveys are performed to create, mark and define, or to retrace the boundaries between adjoining lands and, more particularly, between land of the federal government and private owners or local governments. The Bureau of Land Management is the only agency that is authorized to determine the boundaries of the public lands of the United States.

Public Land Surveys

Kind	FY 2000		FY 2001	
	Oregon	Washington	Oregon	Washington
Miles of Line Retraced or Surveyed	332	35	298	146
Corners Monumented	360	334	459	636
Plats Accepted	71	43	43	16

Support

Land Patents Issued

Oregon—BLM Kind of Patent	FY 2000		FY 2001	
	No.	Acres	No.	Acres
Public Sale	12	2,029	18	2,038
Exchange	3	300	107	64,780
Mining Claim Patent	—	—	2	145
Conveyance of Federally Owned Minerals	—	—	1	760
Corrective Patent	—	—	—	—
Recreation and Public Purposes	1	482	2	533
Special Legislation	—	—	—	—
Color-of-Title	—	—	—	—
State Selection Clear List	—	—	—	—
Supplemental R&PP Patent	—	—	—	—
Total	16	2,811	128	68,256
Oregon—Other Agency				
Indian Fee Patents	—	—	2	160
National Forest Exchange	1	332	12	4,513
Total	1	332	14	4,673
Washington—BLM				
Exchange	—	—	3	120
Public Sale	—	—	—	—
Mining claim	—	—	1	41
Total	—	—	4	161
Washington—Other Agency				
Indian Fee and Re-issue Trust	43	2,677	17	1,560
National Forest Exchange	—	—	—	—
Total	43	2,677	17	1,560
Total - BLM	16	2,811	132	68,417
Total - Other Agency	44	3,009	31	6,233

Hazardous Materials

In addition to investigation of contaminated sites and enforcement of compliance with hazardous materials laws and regulations, the BLM's Hazardous Materials Management program is involved in waste reduction efforts and effective and efficient management of all wastes generated on public lands. The BLM is conducting assessments and evaluations at identified hazardous material sites which require long-term evaluations and cleanups under Resources Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) and the Comprehensive Environmental, Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA).

Law Enforcement

BLM's Law Enforcement Program has two components. The Criminal Investigators (Special Agents) conduct investigations covering a full range of violations which include timber theft, special forest product thefts, theft, destruction and trafficking of archaeological resources, hazardous materials violations, drug crimes, assault on employees, and any other crimes that may affect the administration and management of the public lands.

Uniformed BLM Rangers perform patrol activities and conduct law enforcement services, compliance and monitoring, and visitor use and assistance on BLM-administered lands. BLM's Special Agents and Rangers work closely with their local, state and federal counterparts, taking part in interagency investigations, crime prevention meetings and criminal information sharing.

Misdemeanor Resource Violations	2000	2001
Archaeological Resource Protection Act	39	19
Destruction of Government Property/Vandalism	95	116
Theft of Government property	33	83
Fuelwood Theft	90	72
Minerals Theft	3	3
Violation of Fire Regulations	62	68
Vehicle Violations (Passenger/OHV)	400	456
Sanitation and Littering	699	709
Violation of Recreation Rules	171	279
Theft of Special Forest Products	73	58
Illegal Occupancy	39	33
Destruction of Natural Features	44	45
Wild Horse and Burro Violations	7	2
Grazing Violations	4	8
Employee Intimidation	8	7
Liquor Law Violations	27	67
Gaming Violations	29	29
Total	1,820	2,051

Law Enforcement

Ranger Activities	2000	2001
Incidents	2,584	3,575
Citations Issued	499	610

Other Investigations	2000	2001
Timber Theft	36	16
Assault on Employee	2	1
Arson	10	8
Hazardous Materials	14	13
Weapons Violations (Firearms/Explosives)	10	10
Non-Arson Fire	102	126
Dumping & Littering	416	533
Vandalism	217	352
Total	807	1059

Drug Enforcement Statistics	2000	2001
Drug Investigations	99	135
Marijuana Plants Eradicated	6,281	1,350
Arrests/Citations	21	39
Booby Traps	0	0
Processed Marijuana (Grams)	1	4,085
Clandestine Labs Seized	7	3
Methamphetamine (Grams)	0	7
Methamphetamine (Ounces)	0	42

*Mission and Philosophy
of BLM
in Oregon/Washington*

The mission of the Oregon/Washington BLM is to enhance the quality of life of present and future generations through innovative leadership in management of natural resources and stewardship of the ecosystems of the Pacific Northwest in particular and the global environment in general.

We are committed to functioning with technical excellence, fiscal responsibility, and human sensitivity in fulfilling the following objectives:

- Instilling a stewardship ethic for conservation and prudent use of the land and its resources;*
- Promoting public partnerships and global policies which sustain health and diversity of the ecosystems;*
- Fostering social and economic responsibility in the use and management of lands and resources;*
- Making a positive difference with our natural and human resources; and*
- Creating a diverse work force which contributes to individual growth while serving our mission.*

UNITED STATES
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BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT
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